Enhancing the Credibility of Survey Data: Old Tricks and New Techniques in Improving the Respondent Experience

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National Agricultural Statistics Service
(NASS)
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Outline

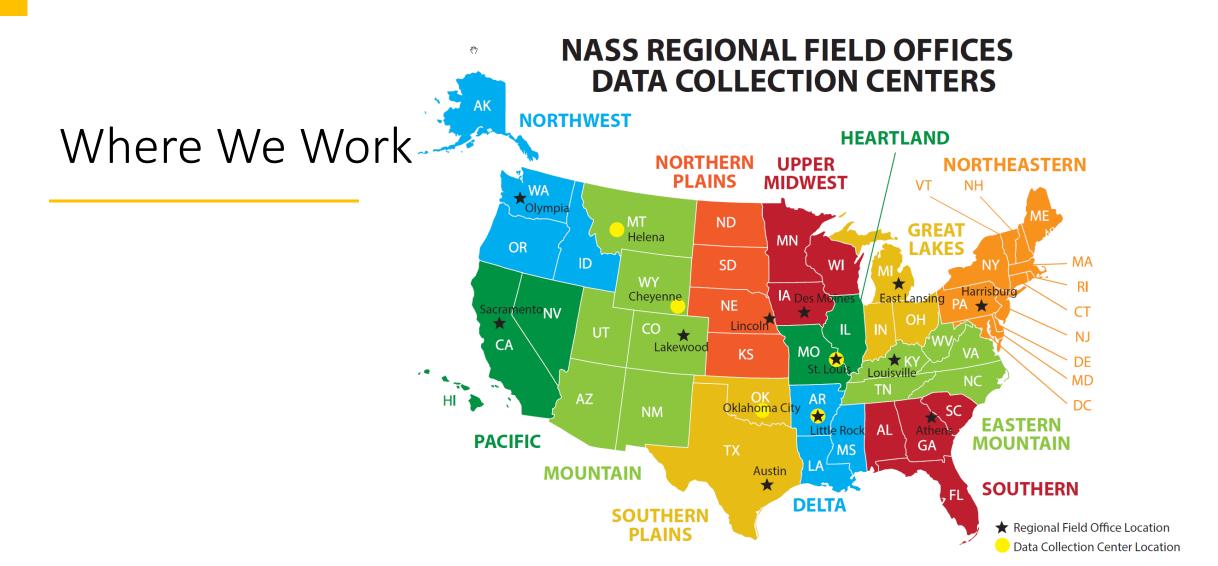
- NASS Overview
- Preparing for Survey Data Collection
- Census vs Survey What Do We Do Differently
- Current State Analysis
- Looking forward

The NASS Mission

To provide timely, accurate, and useful statistics in service to U.S. agriculture.





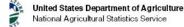




What We Do

- Administer over 400 surveys a year and conduct a Census every 5 years, all with strict data collection timeframes and due dates for publication of findings.
 - Principal Federal Econ Indicators
 - Market Sensitive
- Modes of collection
 - In-person (CAPI)
 - Telephone (CATI)
 - Web (CASI)
 - Mail











2024 Agricultural Statistics Board Calendar



Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
1 HOLIDAY	2 Cotton System Fats & Oils Grain Crushings	Citrus Fruits Final Estimates Noncitrus Fruits and Nuts Final Estimates Vegetables Final Estimates Broiler Hatchery	4	5 Dairy Products Peanut Prices	Cotton System Fats & Oils Grain Crushings Crop Progress	2	Broiler Hatchery Dairy Products	4 HOLIDAY	5 Peanut Prices
8	9 Field Crops Final Estimates ★ Potatoes & Sweet Potatoes Final Est Rice Stocks Final Estimates Stocks of Grain, Oilseeds, & Hay Final Estimates	10 Broiler Hatchery	11 Hogs and Pigs Final Est ★	12 Crop Production - Ann. Gram Stocks Winter Wheat Canola Seedings Cotton Gimnings Rice Stocks Peanut Prices Turkey Hatchery	8 Crop Progress	9	10 Broiler Hatchery	11	12 Crop Production Mink Peanut Prices Turkey Hatchery
15 HOLIDAY	16	17 Broiler Hatchery	18	19 Cattle on Feed Peanut Prices	15 Crop Progress	A 16	17 Agricultural Chemical Usage - Fruits Broiler Hatchery Catfish Production	18	19 Cattle Cattle on Feed Peanut Prices
22 Cotton Ginnings Chickens and Eggs	23	24 Broiler Hatchery Coffee Cold Storage Milk Production Pecan Production	25 Livestock Slaughter Poultry Slaughter	26 Peanut Prices Peanut Stocks and Processing	22 Crop Progress	23 Chickens and Eggs Milk Production	24 Census: Watersheds Broiler Hatchery	25 Cold Storage Livestock Slaughter Poultry Slaughter	26 Farm Production Expenditures Peanut Prices Peanut Stocks and Processing
29 Egg Products	30 State Stories ◆	31 Agricultural Prices Cattle Broiler Hatchery Capacity of Refrigerated Warehouses Sheep and Goats			29 Egg Products Crop Progress	30	31 Agricultural Prices Broiler Hatchery		
Fats & Oils Grain Crushings Crop Progress					Grain Crushings				
	11	12 Crop Production Broiler Hatchery	13	14 Peanut Prices Turkey Hatchery	9	10 Crop Production Cotton Ginnings	11 Broiler Hatchery	12	13 Cost of Pollination Peanut Prices Turkey Hatchery
17 Potato Stocks Crop Progress	18	19 HOLIDAY	20 Broiler Hatchery Livestock Slaughter	21 Cattle on Feed Milk Production Peanut Prices	16 Census of Aquaculture	17	18 Broiler Hatchery Potato Stocks	19 Livestock Slaughter Milk Production	20 Cotton Ginnings Cattle on Feed CE: Barley, Oats, Wheat ★ Chickens and Eggs National Hop Report North American Potatoes Peanut Prices
24 Chickens and Eggs Poultry Slaughter Crop Progress	25 Cold Storage	26 Broiler Hatchery Peanur Stocks and Processing	27 Hogs and Pigs	28 Acreage Grain Stocks Rice Stocks Agricultural Prices Egg Products Peanut Prices	23 Hogs and Pigs Cold Storage Poultry Slaughter	24	25 HOLIDAY	26 Broiler Hatchery	27 Peanut Prices Peanut Stocks and Processing
	_				30 Egg Products	31 Agricultural Prices		_	
I Inited State	12:00 PM Principal Economic Indicator Department of A	Release	2:00 p.m. Release	3:00 PM Principal Economic Indicator	Release	2:00 p.m. Quick Stats Release ington, DC 20250	4:00 p.m. Release (800) 727-	Remaining reports issued at 3 p.m -9540 WWV	





What We Do

- External Project Agreements
- Consultation
- Research and Development



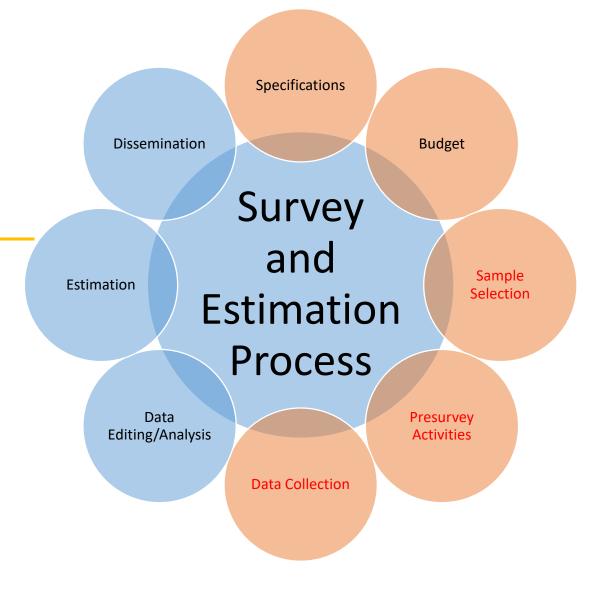






How We Do It

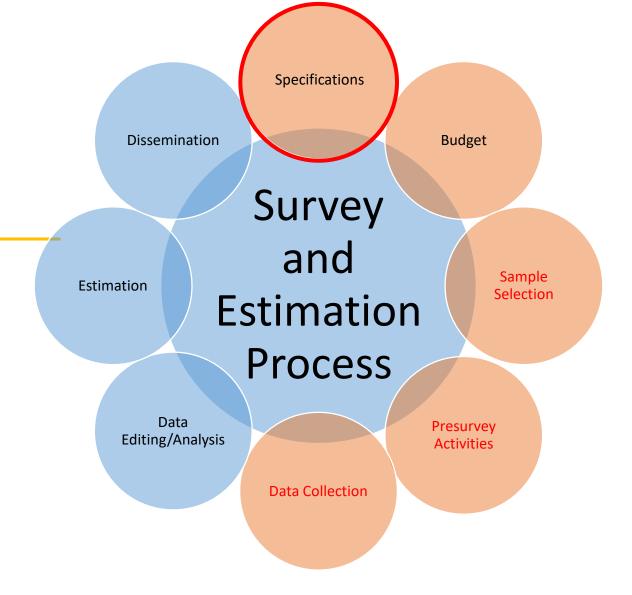
Preparation is 70% of the work...... Execution is 30%!





Specifications

- Survey development starts with a plan
- Provide a solid understanding of what we want to achieve in producing agricultural statistics
- Manage and document change, define and organize tasks, and schedule activities





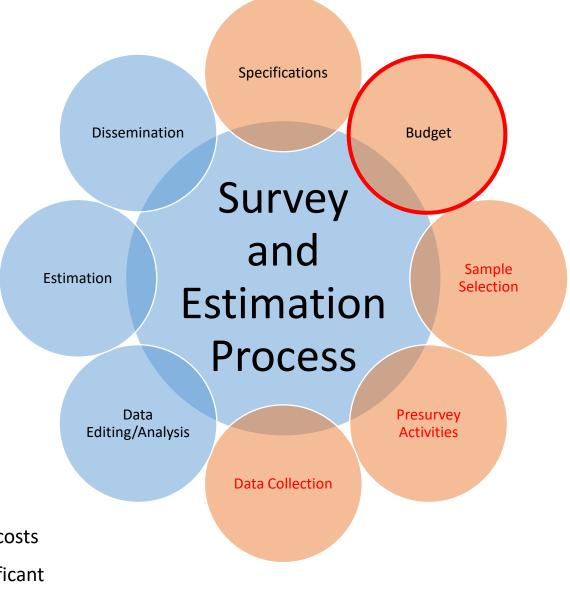
Budget

Each survey and census requires its own budget and includes:

- Staffing and training needs
- Costs of data collection
- Costs associated with system maintenance and development

Dependencies include:

- Length, complexity, and frequency of the survey
- Sample size/number of interviewers involved
- Data reporting needs are the biggest drivers of survey costs
- Reluctance of respondents to participate also has significant influence on costs





Sample Selection

- NASS maintains a list of all active farmers and producers in the U.S. and their characteristics (such as land in farms, number of animals, value of production)
- NASS uses a wide variety of sampling techniques based on those characteristics.
- Completeness of this list frame is critical and is the goal
 - Area sampling frame is used to measure the level of incompleteness of the list.



Presurvey Activities

- Prepare Survey Materials
 - Questionnaire Design
 - Develop outreach materials to include in our data collection materials
 - Use press releases, webinars, twitter chats, radio, testimonials, and live streaming of report releases to highlight the importance of responding to our surveys
- Training
 - Develop standards and procedures for interviewers to follow.
 - Hold national and regional workshops to train on these standards and procedures.

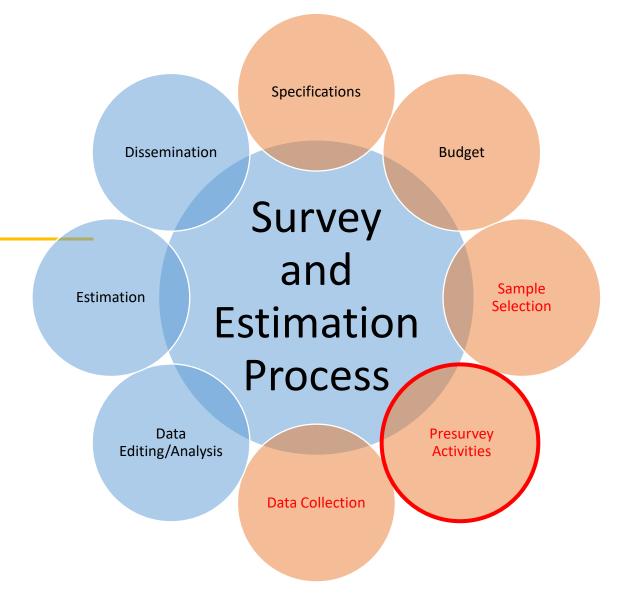






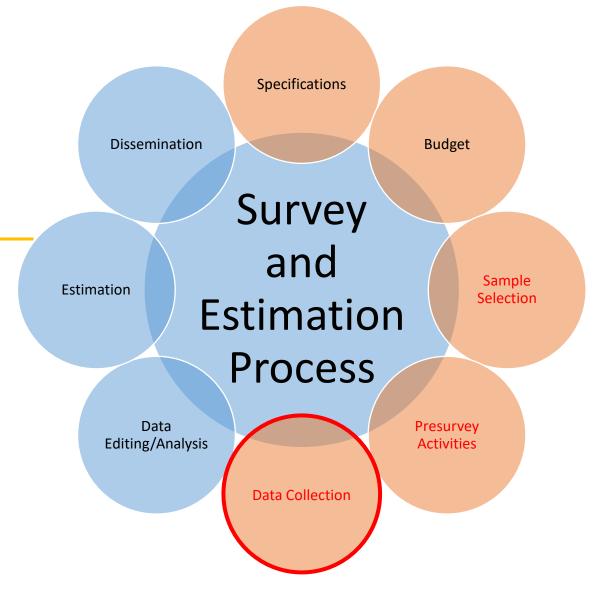
Presurvey Activities

- Sample Review
 - Comments
 - Reporting Agreements
 - Permanent Enumerators
 - Survey Coordination



Data Collection

- Monitor response rates and costs near real time
- React to any situations that arise
- Adjust data collection strategies as needed





CENSUS VS SURVEY

What We Do Differently

Census

- ALL known farms counted (about 2 million farms)
- Conducted every 5 years
- Response is mandatory and required by law
- Comprehensive instrument collecting required crop acreages & production, livestock inventories, expenditures, demographic characteristics plus frame modules
- Planning and content testing begins immediately following completion of previous Census.

Survey

- Sample of farms based on specific characteristics
- Data collection weekly, monthly, quarterly, or annual based on needs
- Response is generally voluntary
- Surveys generally contain content related to one specific topic or area – crops, livestock, economics, chemical use, etc.
- Regular specifications process to review content and make changes

Current State Analysis

- Almost all surveys are voluntary in nature
- Reluctance to participate due to the sensitivity and complex economic survey data collected
- Value of reporting.....What's in it for me?
- Adoption of technology to increase self-reporting
- Survey Fatigue
 - Large, diverse farms sampled frequently
 - Length of some surveys
 - Other Agencies/Private Industry conducting surveys

Current State Analysis

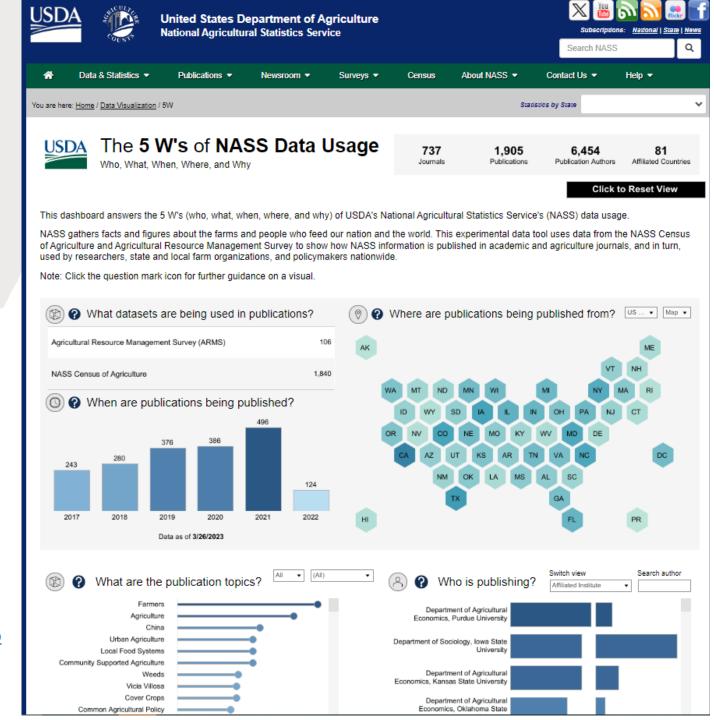
- Adoption of technology by enumerators
- Electronic Data Collection in Rural Areas with limited broadband.
- Converting complex tables from paper- based questionnaires to self reporting web forms
- Aging systems
- Complexity of our business processes
- Pivoting successfully when natural disasters, covid pandemics etc. occur

Going Forward: How NASS is communicating the value of reporting

Communicating the value of reporting......

https://www.nass.usda.gov/Data Visualization/5W/index.php





Going Forward: How NASS is Changing Data Collection Experience

Providing a more personalized data collection experience for our respondents.....

- Exploring CRMs to better capture two-way interactions with respondents (contact attempts, respondent comments, requested modes of contact etc.)
- Allow respondents a more active role in determining when and how we contact them (text, web, in person)
- Improving Survey Design
 - Omnibus questionnaires
 - Survey Methodologists
- Non-Edited Respondent Data (NERD)

Going Forward: How NASS is Changing Data Collection Business Processes

Balancing current demands for data with our need to modernize and introduce greater efficiency......

Reimagined Enterprise Application for Data Ingestion (READI)

- Enterprise level data collection platform
- Graceful handoffs between data collection modes
- Dashboarding and robust analytics that allow for efficient survey management
- Adaptive Survey Design

Going Forward: How NASS is Making Data Easier to Consume

Providing more tailored information back to our respondents......

Currently, field offices disseminate data relevant to their local communities.

Modernizing our system to make data easier to consume, including more advanced data visualizations.



How NASS is Changing Data Collection Going Forward

Providing more

tailored information

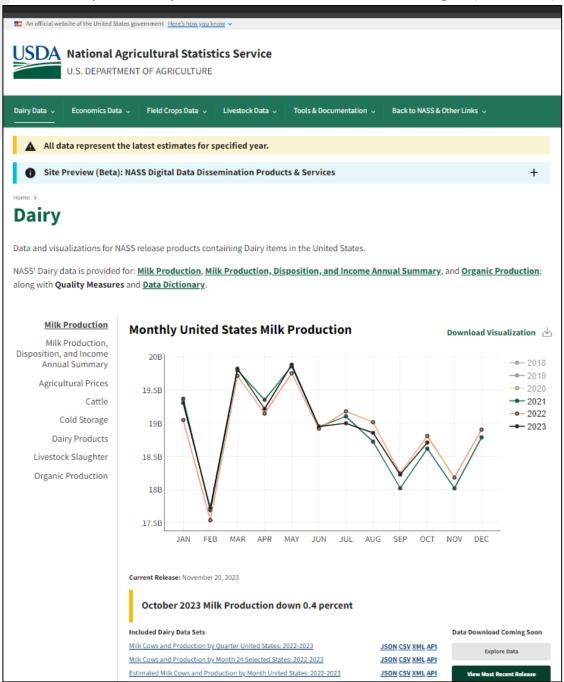
back to our

respondents.....

https://data.nass.usda.gov/dairy/



Data Repository and User Interface Design (DRUID)



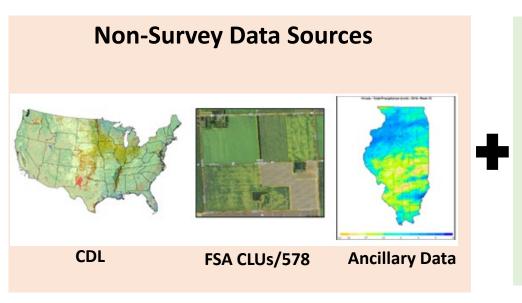
How NASS is Changing Data Collection Going Forward

Increasing our focus on non-survey data....

- Secondary Sourced Data
 - Administrative Data
 - Precision Ag
- Machine Learning
- Integrated Modeling and Geospatial Estimation System (IMAGES)

Integrated Modeling and Geospatial Estimation System (IMAGES)

Incorporating Non-Survey Data Sources, Modern Methods and Cloud Technology into NASS Infrastructure



Modern Methods

Machine Learning Workflow Automation Advanced Statistical Modeling

Cloud Environments

IMAGES Data and Methods



Linkage

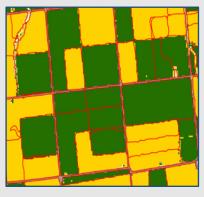




JAS Workflow Predictions Modernization











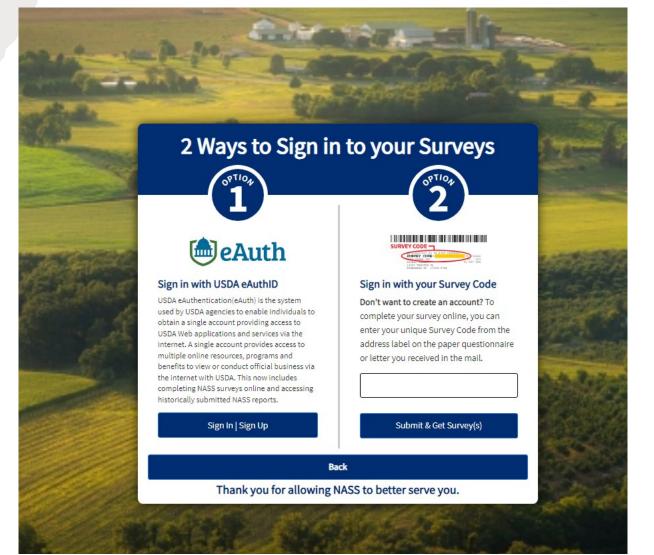
PCDL

Census COOL System Census Imputation JAS Land Tool JAMES NACS RDD Operational Capacity

How NASS is Changing Data Collection Going Forward

Continuing to cater to our respondents as their needs change...

 Offering sign-in options that fit our respondents needs for selfreporting





How NASS is Changing Data Collection Going Forward

Continuing to cater to our respondents as their needs change...

- Providing tools to assist our producers as they make decisions for their operation
 - Monitoring and assessing agricultural disasters
 - Using satellite imagery

Summary

Strengths

- History
- Data and processes
- Reputation/Reliability
- R&D
- Partnerships
- Geographic coverage

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Weaknesses

- Infrastructure
- Risk tolerance
- Adaptability
- Aging farm population (losing champions)

Opportunities

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- Value
- Passive data
- New partnerships
- Strong demand for data

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Threats

- Budget
- Competition
- Subject matter expertise
- Shrinking survey population
- Everybody is doing surveys

THANK YOU!

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